



EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF ESWATINI
Junior Certificate Examination

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

524

October/November 2024

2 hours 30 mins

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional materials: Instruments.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided.
Write in **dark blue** or **black** pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper.
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
Do **not** use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

This paper is divided into **four** sections **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Section A answer **all** questions.

Section B answer **all** questions.

Section C answer **five** questions.

Section D answer **two** questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
SECTION A		
SECTION B	1	
	2	
SECTION C	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
SECTION D	1	
	2	
	3	
Total marks		

This document consists of **16** printed pages.

SECTION A

Answer **all** questions in this section.

Choose the response which you consider to be correct and write the letter in the box to indicate the correct answer.

Example

22 Which of the following protects the Earth from the sun's radiation?

- A** Greenhouse effect
- B** Ozone layer
- C** Air pressure
- D** Cloud

C

1. Which of the following countries represent LEDCs?

- A** Australia and New Zealand
- B** Mozambique and Malawi
- C** United States of America and United Kingdom
- D** Denmark and Brazil

2. Which of the following are economic indicators of development?

- A** GPA and CPI
- B** GDP and life expectancy
- C** GDP and GNP
- D** GNI and education

3. Which of the following represents Formal Development?

- A** Low poverty rate
- B** Good governance
- C** Irregulated working hours
- D** Law and governance

4. Government makes decisions on how the country's resources are to be used by implementing laws and policies. What aspect of development is this?

- A** Environmental
- B** Social
- C** Political
- D** Economic

5. Study Fig. 1, which shows one of the types of tourism.



Fig. 1

Which type of tourism is shown in Fig.1?

- A Coastal
- B Ecotourism
- C Inland
- D Sustainable

6. The development goals with the time frame 2015-2030 are known as:

- A TDGs
- B FDGs
- C SDGs
- D MDGs

7. Study Fig. 2 which shows the value of remittances sent by migrants from developing countries to their region of origin.

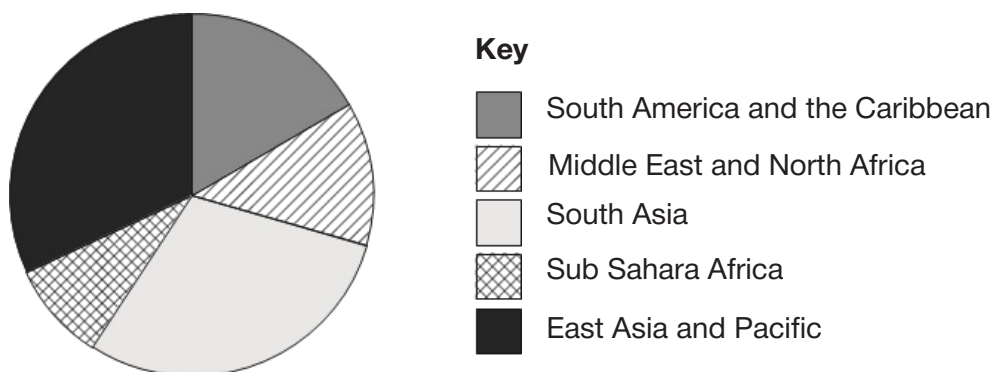


Fig. 2

Which region received the lowest value of remittances?

- A South Asia
- B Middle East and North Africa
- C East Asia and Pacific
- D Sub Saharan Africa

8. In 2015-2016 Eswatini experienced drought. Which of the following is **NOT** an impact of drought?
- A Death of livestock
 - B Rural poverty
 - C Shortage of water
 - D People are left homeless
9. Which of the following best describes the disadvantage of development?
- A People get jobs in the cities and forget about rural life
 - B People get educated and become resourceful
 - C The building of roads and factories cause deforestation
 - D The schools and hospitals are far away
10. Which of the following is **NOT** a cause of poverty?
- A Disasters
 - B High level literacy
 - C Corruption
 - D Conflicts
11. The type of aid that comes from many countries through international organisations such as the United Nations is known as:
- A Charity
 - B Multi-lateral
 - C Bi-lateral
 - D International
12. A 15-year-old boy was watching a media coverage of heavy floods in Malaysia on Aljazeera national television. What kind of education is this considered?
- A Non Formal
 - B Formal
 - C Casual
 - D Informal
13. When is World Aids Day celebrated annually?
- A 1 October
 - B 16 July
 - C 1 December
 - D 15 March
14. Which of the following is an example of a free trade block?
- A Southern African Development Community
 - B African Union
 - C World Trade Organisation
 - D The United Nations

15. Which of the following is a push factor of rural to urban migration?
- A Natural disasters
 - B Lack of facilities such as telecommunications
 - C Political disputes
 - D Good access to basic social services
16. Which of the following is a disadvantage of multinational companies?
- A Employment opportunities
 - B Improvement of infrastructure
 - C Foreign exchange
 - D Exploitation of local labour
17. Industries that provide services are known as:
- A Tertiary industries
 - B Primary industries
 - C Secondary industries
 - D Formal industries
18. Which of the following is an example of trade protectionism?
- A Free movement of goods
 - B Quotas
 - C Balance of trade
 - D Trade ports
19. Gender equality is referred to as:
- A Giving girls more opportunity than boys
 - B Treatment of both genders fairly with equal opportunities
 - C Campaigning for women to end gender-based violence
 - D Allowing women to participate in gender development projects
20. Which of the following would best explain how education can end poverty and poor health care in families?
- A Through education families will have money for vacations outside the country
 - B Through education, families can get jobs with good income and be able to afford basic needs such as medical care
 - C Through education families can have high life expectancy
 - D Through education, families can help fight for injustice and marginalisation in poor societies

[Total Marks:20]

SECTION B

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1. Study Fig. 3 and answer the questions below.



Fig. 3

- (a) Define international trade.

.....
 [1]

- (b) What is the term used to describe when the value of exports exceeds the value of imports?

..... [1]

- (c) Name **one** imported service in Eswatini.

..... [1]

- (d) Suggest **three** characteristics of international trade.

1

 2

 3
 [3]

- (e) Explain **two** ways by which countries can improve their balance of trade.

1

 2
 [4]

2. Study Fig. 4, which shows patterns of development and answer the question below.

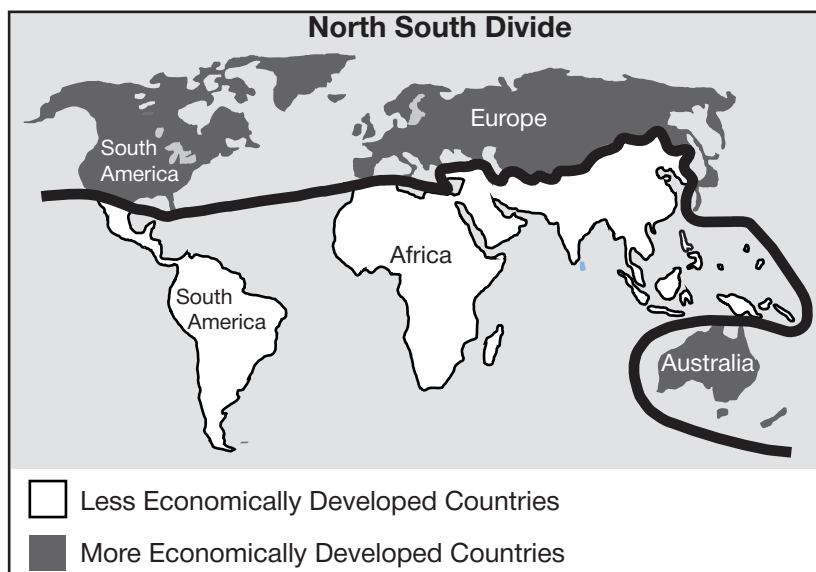


Fig. 4

- (a) What is the line that divides the North and South?

..... [1]

- (b) The levels of development differ for each country. Countries like USA are placed under More Economically Developed Countries while Eswatini is placed under Less Economically Developed Countries. Using their features, differentiate between MEDCs and LEDCs.

LEDCs	MEDCs

[6]

- (c) State **three** variables used to determine the HDI ranking of a country.

1

2

3 [3]

[Total Marks: 20]

SECTION C*For
Examiner's
Use*

Answer any **five** questions in this section.

1. Differentiate between immigration and emigration. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

Immigration

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Example

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Emigration

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Example

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..... [6]

2. Differentiate between citizens' right and citizens' responsibility. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

A citizen's Right

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Example

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.....

Citizen Responsibility

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Example

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..... [6]

3. Differentiate between economic and social aspects of development. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

Economic aspect

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Example

.....

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Social aspect

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Example

.....

..... [6]

4. Differentiate between Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development Goals. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

Millennium Development Goals

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Example

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Sustainable Development Goal

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Example

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..... [6]

5. Differentiate between pandemic and endemic diseases. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

Pandemic disease

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Example

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Endemic disease

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Example

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..... [6]

6. Differentiate between progressive and regressive population pyramid. Give examples to illustrate your answer.

Progressive population pyramid

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Example

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Regressive population pyramid

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Example

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..... [6]

[Total Marks: 30]

Answer any **two** questions in this section.

1. Explain any **five** causes of poverty. You should support the points you make.

..... [15]

- [15]

- [15]

[Total Marks: 30]